Month- August

- 1. Identify the range of Himalayas with the help of following information.
- This is the outermost range of the Himalayas.
- The average width of this range is 10 to 50 km.
- It is composed of coarse sediments brought down by rivers from the upper Himalayan ranges.
- Valleys of this range are covered with thick gravel (very small stones) and alluvium.
 - A. Himadri
 - B. Lesser Himalayas
 - C. Shiwalik
 - D. Kumaon Himalayas

Answer:- C. Shiwalik

Explanation:- The outer-most range of the Himalayas is called the **Shiwaliks**. They extend over a width of 10-50 Km and have an altitude varying between 900 and 1100 metres. These ranges are composed of unconsolidated sediments brought down by rivers from the main Himalayan ranges located farther north. These valleys are covered with thick gravel and alluvium.

2. The Western Ghats and the Eastern Ghats mark the Western and the Eastern edges of the Deccan Plateau respectively. Western Ghats lie parallel to the Western coast.

How do the Western Ghats contribute to the climate of that region?

- A. By forming plateaus
- B. By creating deserts
- C. By restricting rainfall
- D. By acting as a barrier to the rain-bearing winds

Answer:- D. By acting as a barrier to the rain-bearing winds

Explanation:- The Western Ghats cause orographic rain by facing the rain bearing moist winds to rise along the western slopes of the Ghats.

3. The Western part of the Northern Plain is referred to as the Punjab plains. It is formed by the Indus and its tributaries, the larger part of this plain lies in Pakistan.

The Northern Plain is broadly divided into how many parts?

- A. 5
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

Answer:- C. 3

Explanation:- The Northern Plain is broadly divided into three sections.

4. Consider the statements given below and choose the correct option.

Statement I The Himalayas represent the loftiest and one of the most rugged mountain barriers of the world.

Statement II The Himalaya consists of three parallel ranges in its longitudinal extent

- A. Statement I is correct and II is incorrect
- B. Statement I is incorrect and II is correct
- C. Both I and II are incorrect
- D. Both I and II are correct

Answer:- D. Both I & II are correct

Explanation:- The Himalayas represent the loftiest and one of the most rugged mountain barriers of the world. The Himalaya consists of three parallel ranges in its longitudinal extent.

5. Ghanshyam, a large farmer in Palampur has just bought a harvester. Seeing this, some farm labourers who work in his farm are unhappy. One of them said that now they will have even less work. Last year they worked for five months but this year they are not likely to work at all.

Select the option that best signifies this situation.

- A. Small farmers take loans from big farmers.
- B. Small farmers work in the farms of big farmers.
- C. Harvester is much more productive than human.
- D. Small farmers are dependent on big farmers for work.

Answer:- D. Small farmers are dependent on big farmers for work.

Explanation:- Medium and large farmers **hire farm labourers** to work on their fields. Farm labourers come either from landless families or families cultivating small plots of land.

6. Dala is a landless farm labourer who works on daily wages in Palampur. This means he must regularly look for work. The minimum wages for a farm labourer set by the government is ₹300 per day (March 2017), but Dala gets only 160.

Why Dala gets only 160 per day. Whereas government set the minimum wages for farm labourer, ₹300 per day?

- A. Dala is illiterate
- B. Dala belongs to SCs
- C. Heavy competition for work among form labourers
- D. Dala has no land to cultivates.

Answer:- C. Heavy competition for work among form labourers

Explanation:- There is heavy competition for work among the farm labourers in Palampur, so people agree to work for lower wages.

- 7. Assertion (A) All the village in India do not have a high level of irrigation as in Palampur. Reason (R) To increase production from the same piece of land, farmers do multiple cropping.
 - A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - B. Both A and R are true, but R is the incorrect explanation of A
 - C. A is true, but R is false
 - D. A is false, but R is true

Answer:- B. Both A and R are true, but R is the incorrect explanation of A

Explanation:- Both A and R hasn't any corelation as both the facts are different.

Case Based Question

Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow.

After long negotiations both parties agreed to a compromise. The whites agreed to the principle of majority rule and that of one person one vote, they also agreed to accept some basic rights for the poor and the

workers. The blacks agreed that majority rule would not be absolute. They agreed that the majority would not take away the property of the white minority. This compromise was not easy. How was this compromise going to be implemented? Even if they managed to trust each other, what was the guarantee that this trust will not be broken in future?

8. The whites agreed to the principle of...... rule and that of one person one vote.

- A. Majority
- B. Dictatorial
- C. Minority
- D. Monarchy

Answer:- A. Majority

Explanation:- The whites agreed to **the principle of majority rule and that of one person one vote**, they also agreed to accept some basic rights for the poor and the workers.

9. Which was the primary principle agreed upon by both parties in the compromise?

- A. Absolute majority rule
- B. Protection of property right for the white minority
- C. Basic rights for the poor and workers
- D. Limited rights for the black majority

Answer:- C. Basic rights for the poor and workers

Explanation:- The whites agreed to the principle of majority rule and that of one person one vote, they also agreed to accept some **basic rights for the poor and the workers**.

10. What compromises did the white makes?

- A. They agreed that majority would not be absolute.
- B. They agreed to accept some basic rights for the poor and the workers.
- C. They agreed that the majority would not take away the property of the white minority.
- D. None of the above

Answer:- B. They agreed to accept some basic rights for the poor and the workers.

Explanation:- They agreed that the majority would not take away the property of the white minority.